## Python tutorial: Shopkeeper App



Welcome to the python tutorial on how to create a shop keeper. We will learn how to create a simple application which responds to the user inputs and it allows the user to make choices.

We will learn how to use strings, integers and selections in python. Also we will learn what is a local and global variable in programming.

The program we are using is Pycharm. There is a detailed tutorial on how to install pycharm in the python section.

Lets follow this tutorial through.

print("Welcome to my humble shop")greet the user. In the user to press L to see keeper has in their in	of the program. We will e last line we are asking the e the list of items shop nventory. e declaring 3 different global
print("Welcome to my humble shop") print("Please select the following options") user to press L to see keeper has in their in global apple global banana  greet the user. In the user to press L to see keeper has in their in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user. In the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user. In the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user. In the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user. In the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user. In the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in their in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has in the user to press L to see keeper has a like to press L to see keeper has a like to press L to see keeper has a like to press	e last line we are asking the e the list of items shop nventory.
print("Please select the following options")user to press L to see keeper has in their in their in the select the following options")print("L : for List of items")to see keeper has in their in their in the select the following options")global apple global bananaThis is where we are variables. Global var	e the list of items shop nventory.
print("L : for List of items")keeper has in their in the th	nventory.
global apple This is where we are global banana variables. Global var	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
global banana variables. Global var	deciaring 3 different global
	iable is same as any other
giobai bread variable in programm	•
	y function in the program.
Local variables on th	e other hand can only be
accessed through the	e function it was declared in.
apple = 6 This is where are giv	ing some values to the
banana = 6 GLOBAL variables we	e created in the line before
bread = 8	
userIn = input() We are now creating	g a userIn variable which will
capture the user inp	ut in the program.
if userIn == "L": We are now going to	o make a if statement to
print("You chose to see the list") check what the user	has inputted. If the user has
print("We have ", "Apples: ", apple, " inputted L we will co	•
	will show the list to the user.
print("Types the item you want to buy e.g. Look closely at the se	econd line we are showing
Apple, Banana etc") the apple, banana ar	nd bread inventory to
1	giving instruction to user
about how to but the	•

userIn = input("")	User input being called again to find out which
useriii – iiiput( )	
	item the user would like to buy.
if userIn == "Apple":	If statement to check if the user is asking Apple
print("How many", userIn)	then we ask how many apples they want.
buyThis = int(input())	We are creating another variable called buyThis
	which will contain an INTERGER input from the
	user meaning this will accept numbers to be
	used in calculations.
apple = int(apple-buyThis)	Now we will find the total number of apples
, , ,	from the top and then we will deduct the
	number of apples the user wants to buy.
print("Thank you, now we have, ", apple,	Lastly we return the number of apples we have
userin)	left in the shop.
elif userIn == "Banana":	We are doing the same if statement for the
print("How many", userIn)	banana this time. Instead of using IF keyword we
	_ ,
buyThis = int(input())	are using the ELIF which means else if another
banana = int(banana-buyThis)	condition.
print("Thank you, now we have, ", banana,	
userin)	
elif userIn == "Bread":	The third else if statement for the bread.
print("How many", userIn)	
buyThis = int(input())	
bread = int(bread-buyThis)	
print("Thank you, now we have, ", bread,	
userIn)	
else:	Lastly we are entering the else statement for the
print("You didn't enter L")	first if statement. If the user enters another
	letter other than L it will return this value to the
	screen.

This is a very basic program to understand string integer and if statements.

Try the following

See if you can run a loop for the user to buy more items not just one.

Can you do it?

Here is the full code for this program. Good luck

```
print("Hello there!")
print("Welcome to my humble shop")
print("Please select the following options")
print("L: for List of items")
global apple
global banana
global bread

apple = 6
banana = 6
bread = 8
```

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```
if userIn == "L":
    print("We have ", "Apples: ", apple, " Bananas: ", banana,
    userIn = input("")
    if userIn == "Apple":
        print("How many", userIn)
        buyThis = int(input())
        apple = int(apple-buyThis)
        print("Thank you, now we have, ", apple, userIn)
    elif userIn == "Banana":
        print("How many", userIn)
        buyThis = int(input())
        banana = int(banana-buyThis)
        print("Thank you, now we have, ", banana, userIn)
    elif userIn == "Bread":
        print("How many", userIn)
        buyThis = int(input())
        bread = int(bread-buyThis)
else:
```

## Screen shots

```
C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Pythor
Hello there!
Welcome to my humble shop
Please select the following options
L : for List of items
```

```
Please select the following options
L: for List of items

You chose to see the list
We have Apples: 6 Bananas: 6 Bread: 8

Types the item you want to buy e.g. Apple, Banana etc
```

```
You chose to see the list
We have Apples: 6 Bananas: 6 Bread: 8
Types the item you want to buy e.g. Apple, Banana er
Banana
How many Banana
```

```
Types the item you want to buy e.g. Apple, Banana etc

Banana

How many Banana

3

Thank you, now we have, 3 Banana
```